

Rehabilitation Protocol for Achilles Tendon Repair

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This protocol is intended to guide clinicians and patients through the post-operative course for an Achilles tendon repair. Specific intervention should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider exam findings and clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

Considerations for the Post-operative Achilles tendon repair program

Many different factors influence the post-operative Achilles tendon rehabilitation outcomes, including type and location of the Achilles tear and repair. Consider taking a more conservative approach to range of motion, weight bearing, and rehab progression with tendon augmentation, re-rupture after non-surgical management, revision, chronic tendinosis, and co-morbidities, for example, obesity, older age, and steroid use. It is recommended that clinicians collaborate closely with the referring physician regarding intra-operative findings and satisfaction with the strength of the repair.

Post-operative considerations

If you develop a fever, intense calf pain, uncontrolled pain or any other symptoms you have concerns about you should call your doctor.

THASE IS IMME.	DIATE FOST-OF (0-2 WEEKS AFTER SURGERT)
Rehabilitation	Protect repair
Goals	Minimize muscle atrophy in the quads, hamstrings, and glutes
Weight Bearing	Walking
	Non-weight bearing on crutches
	• When climbing stairs, make sure you are leading with the non-surgical side when going up
	the stairs, make sure you are leading with the crutches and surgical side when going down
	the stairs
Intervention	Range of motion/Mobility
	<u>Supine passive hamstring stretch</u>
	Strengthening
	• <u>Quad sets</u>
	• NMES high intensity (2500 Hz, 75 bursts) supine knee extended 10 sec/50 sec, 10
	contractions,2x/wk during sessions—use of clinical stimulator during session, consider
	home units distributed immediate post op
	• <u>Straight leg raise</u>
	o **Do not perform straight leg raise if you have a knee extension lag (with brace/castremoved)
	Hip abduction
	Prone hamstring curls

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Criteria to	•	Pain < 5/10
Progress		

Rehabilitation Continue to protect repair ٠ Goals Avoid over-elongation of the Achilles • Reduce pain, minimize swelling ٠ Improve scar mobility • Restore ankle plantar flexion, inversion, and eversion • Dorsiflexion to neutral • Weight Bearing Walking Partial-weight bearing on crutches in a boot . NWB week 2-3, then increase weight bearing (WB) by 1/3 every week (1/3-2/3- full WB) • • Gradually wean heel lift: start with 2 wedges Additional Range of motion/Mobility Intervention PROM/AAROM/AROM: ankle dorsiflexion**, plantar flexion, inversion, eversion, ankle circles ٠ *Continue with o **do not dorsiflex ankle beyond neutral/0 degrees Phase I Cardio interventions • Upper body ergometer Strengthening Lumbopelvic strengthening: sidelying hip external rotation-clamshell, plank • Balance/proprioception Joint position re-training ٠ Criteria to Pain < 3/10• Progress Minimal swelling (recommend water displacement volumetry or circumference measures likeFigure • 8) Full ROM PF, eversion, inversion • DF to neutral •

PHASE II: INTERMEDIATE POST-OP (3-6 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

PHASE III: LATE POST-OP (7-8 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Continue to protect repair					
Goals	Avoid over-elongation of the Achilles					
	Normalize gait					
	Restore full range of motion					
	Safely progress strengthening					
	Promote proper movement patterns					
	Avoid post exercise pain/swelling					
Weight Bearing	• Weight bearing as tolerated in boot and remove one wedge per a week (week 6 to 7 remove one					
	wedge, week 7-8 remove last wedge)					
Additional	Range of motion/Mobility					
Intervention	Gentle <u>long-sitting gastroc stretch</u> as indicated					
*Continue with	• Gentle stretching all muscle groups: prone quad stretch, standing quad stretch, kneeling hipflexor					
Phase I-II	stretch					
Interventions	Ankle/foot mobilizations (talocrural, subtalar, and midfoot) as indicated					
	Cardio					
	• <u>Stationary bicycle</u> , flutter kick swimming/pool jogging (with full healing of incision)					
	Strengthening					
	• <u>4 way ankle</u>					
	• <u>Short foot</u>					
	• Lumbopelvic strengthening: bridges on physioball, bridge on physioball with roll-in, bridge on					
	physioball alternating					
	• Gym equipment: hip abductor and adductor machine, hip extension machine, roman chair					

	Progress intensity (strength) and duration (endurance) of exercises	
	Balance/proprioception	
	• Double limb standing balance utilizing uneven surface (wobble board)	
	• Single limb balance progress to uneven surface including perturbation training	
Criteria to	• No swelling/pain after exercise	
Progress	• Normal gait in a standard shoe	
	ROM equal to contra lateral side	
	• Joint position sense symmetrical (<5 degree margin of error)	
1		

PHASE IV: TRANSITIONAL (9-12 WEEKS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Maintain full ROM
Goals	Normalize gait
	Avoid over-elongation of the Achilles
	Safely progress strengthening
	Promote proper movement patterns
	Avoid post exercise pain/swelling
Weight Bearing	• Weight bearing as tolerated, maintain boot between 8-10 and progressively wean off CAM boot and
	transition into walking shoes
Additional	Range of motion/Mobility
Intervention	Gentle standing gastroc stretch and soleus stretch as indicated
*Continue with	Strengthening
Phase I-III	<u>Calf raises</u> concentric
interventions	<u>Knee Exercises</u> for additional exercises and descriptions
	• Gym equipment: seated hamstring curl machine and hamstring curl machine, leg press machine
	<u>Romanian deadlift</u>
Criteria to	No swelling/pain after exercise
Progress	Full ROM during concentric calf raise
	Normal gait

PHASE V: ADVANCED POST-OP (3-5 MONTHS AFTER SURGERY)

Rehabilitation	Safely progress strengthening				
Goals	Promote proper movement patterns				
	Avoid post exercise pain/swelling				
Additional	Cardio				
Intervention	• Elliptical, stair climber				
*Continue with	Range of motion/Mobility				
Phase II-IV	• <u>Standing gastroc stretch</u> and <u>soleus stretch</u> as indicated				
interventions	Strengthening				
	• <u>Calf raises</u> eccentric				
	• <u>Seated calf machine</u>				
	o **The following exercises to focus on proper control with emphasis on good proximal stability				
	• <u>Squat to chair</u>				
	• <u>Hip hike</u>				
	• <u>Lateral lunges</u>				
	• Single leg progression: partial weight bearing single leg press, slide board lunges: retro and lateral,				
	step ups and step ups with march, lateral step-ups, step downs, single leg squats, single				
	leg wall slides				
Criteria to	No swelling/pain after exercise				
Progress	Standing Heel Rise test				
	• No swelling/pain with 30 minutes of fast pace walking				
	Achilles Tendon Rupture Score (ATRS)				
	Psych Readiness to Return to Sport (PRRS)				

PHASE VI: EARLY to UNRESTRICTED RETURN TO SPORT (6+ MONTHS AFTER SURGERY) Rehabilitation • Continue strengthening and proprioceptive exercises Goals Safely initiate sport specific training program • Symmetrical performance with sport specific drills • Safely progress to full sport ٠ Additional Interval running program • Intervention Return to Running Program • *Continue with Agility and Plyometric Program • Phase II-V interventions Criteria to Clearance from MD and ALL milestone criteria below have been met ٠ Progress Completion jog/run program without pain/swelling • Functional Assessment • Standing Heel Rise test 0 \geq 90% compared to contra lateral side 0 Return-to-sport testing can be performed at MGH Sports Physical Therapy, if necessary ٠ Please email MGHSportsPhysicalTherapy@partners.org with questions specific to this protocol Contact

Functional Assessment

Patient Name:	MRN:	
Date of Surgery:	Surgeon:	
Concomitant Injuries/Procedures:		

			Operative Limb	Non-operative Limb	Limb Symmetry Index
$P_{anga} of motion (\mathbf{V} 0 \mathbf{V})$					
Range of motion $(\Lambda - 0 - \Lambda)$					-
Pain (0-10)					-
Standing Heel Rise test					
Hop Testing					L
Single-leg Hop for Distance	e				
Triple Hop for Distance					
Crossover Hop for Distanc	e				
Vertical Jump					
Y-Balance Test	Y-Balance Test				
Calculated 1 RM (single le	eg press)				
Psych. Readiness to Return	n to Sport (PI	RRS)			
Ready to jog?	YES	NO	-1		
Ready to return to sport?	YES	NO			
Recommendations:					
Examiner:					

Range of motion is recorded in X-0-X format: for example, if a patient has 6 degrees of hyperextension and 135 degrees of flexion, ROM would read: 6-0-135. If the patient does not achieve hyperextension, and is lacking full extension by 5 degrees, the ROM would simply read: 5-135.

Pain is recorded as an average value over the past 2 weeks, from 0-10. 0 is absolutely no pain, and 10 is the worst painever experienced.

Standing Heel Rise test is performed starting on a box with a 10 degree incline. Patient performs as many single leg heel raises as possible to a 30 beat per minute metronome. The test is terminated if the patient leans or pushes down on the table surface they are using to balance, the knee flexes, the plantar-flexion range of motion decreases by more than 50% of the starting range of motion, or the patient cannot keep up with the metronome/fatigues.

Hop testing is performed per standardized testing guidelines. The average of 3 trials is recorded to the nearestcentimeter for each limb.

Return to Running Program

This program is designed as a guide for clinicians and patients through a progressive return-to-run program. Patients should demonstrate > 80% on the Functional Assessment prior to initiating this program (after a knee ligament or meniscus repair). Specific recommendations should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

PHASE I:	WARM UP V	VALK 15 MI	NUTES, COO	L DOWN W	ALK IU MIN	UTES	
Day	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Week 1	W5/J1x5		W5/J1x5		W4/J2x5		W4/J2x5
Week 2		W3/J3x5		W3/J3x5		W2/J4x5	
Week 3	W2/J4x5		W1/J5x5		W1/J5x5		Return to Run

Key: W=walk, J=jog

**Only progress if there is no pain or swelling during or after the run

PHASE II: WARM UP WALK 15 MINUTES, COOL DOWN WALK 10 MINUTES

Week	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
1	20 min		20 min		20 min		25 min
2		25 min		25 min		30 min	
3	30 min		30 min		35 min		35 min
4		35 min		40 min		40 min	
5	40 min		45 min		45 min		45 min
6		50 min		50 min		50 min	
7	55 min		55 min		55 min		60 min
8		60 min		60 min			

Recommendations

Runs should occur on softer surfaces during Phase I •

- Non-impact activity on off days •
- Goal is to increase mileage and then increase pace; avoid increasing two variables at once •
- 10% rule: no more than 10% increase in mileage per week •

Agility and Plyometric Program

This program is designed as a guide for clinicians and patients through a progressive series of agility and plyometric exercises to promote successful return to sport and reduce injury risk. Patients should demonstrate > 80% on the Functional Assessment prior to initiating this program. Specific intervention should be based on the needs of the individual and should consider clinical decision making. If you have questions, contact the referring physician.

PHASE I: ANTERIOR PROGRESSION

Rehabilitation	Safely recondition the knee						
Goals	Provide a logical sequence of progressive drills for pre-sports conditioning						
Agility	Forward run						
	Backward run						
	Forward lean in to a run						
	• Forward run with 3-step deceleration						
	• Figure 8 run						
	Circle run						
	• Ladder						
Plyometrics	• Shuttle press: Double leg \rightarrow alternating leg \rightarrow single leg jumps						
	• Double leg:						
	• Jumps on to a box \rightarrow jump off of a box \rightarrow jumps on/off box						
	 Forward jumps, forward jump to broad jump 						
	 Tuck jumps 						
	 Backward/forward hops over line/cone 						
	• Single leg (these exercises are challenging and should be considered for more advanced						
	athletes):						
	 Progressive single leg jump tasks 						
	 Bounding run 						
	 Scissor jumps 						
	• Backward/forward hops over line/cone						
Criteria to	No increase in pain or swelling						
Progress	Pain-free during loading activities						
	Demonstrates proper movement patterns						

PHASE II: LATERAL PROGRESSION

Rehabilitation	Safely recondition the knee					
Goals	• Provide a logical sequence of progressive drills for the Level 1 sport athlete					
Agility	• Side shuffle					
*Continue with	• Carioca					
Phase I	Crossover steps					
interventions	• Shuttle run					
	• Zig-zag run					
	• Ladder					
Plyometrics	• Double leg:					
*Continue with	 Lateral jumps over line/cone 					
Phase I	 Lateral tuck jumps over cone 					
interventions	• Single leg(these exercises are challenging and should be considered for more advanced					
	athletes):					
	 Lateral jumps over line/cone 					
	 Lateral jumps with sport cord 					
Criteria to	No increase in pain or swelling					
Progress	Pain-free during loading activities					
	Demonstrates proper movement patterns					

PHASE III: MULTI-PLANAR PROGRESSION

Rehabilitation	• Challenge the Level 1 sport athlete in preparation for final clearance for return to sport			
Goals				
Agility	Box drill			
*Continue with	• Star drill			
Phase I-II	• Side shuffle with hurdles			
interventions				
Plyometrics	Box jumps with quick change of direction			
*Continue with	• 90 and 180 degree jumps			
Phase I-II				
interventions				
Criteria to	Clearance from MD			
Progress	<u>Functional Assessment</u>			
	o $\geq 90\%$ contralateral side			
	<u>Achilles Tendon Rupture Score (ATRS)</u>			
	<u>Psych Readiness to Return to Sport (PRRS)</u>			

ATRS (Achilles Tendon Total Rupture Score)

All questions refer to your limitations/difficulties related to your injured Achilles tendon.

Mark w	vith an X	K in th	ne box	whie	h mat	ches yo	ur l	evel of lin	nitat	ion!
1. calf/Ac	Are yo hilles te	u lir mdon/	nited foot?	due	to (decreas	ed	strength	ı in	the
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2. tendon	Are yo /foot?	u lin	nited	due	to f	atigue	in	the cal:	f/Acł	nilles
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3. Are you limited due to stiffness in the calf/Achilles tendon/foot?										
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
4. A	4. Are you limited due to pain in the calf/Achilles tendon/foot?									
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
5. A	re you l	limite	d dur	ing a	ctiviti	es of da	aily	living?		
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
All questions refer to your limitations/difficulties related to your injured Achilles tendon Mark with an X in the box which matches your level of limitation!										
0. /	are you i	innte	u whe	an wa	iking	on une	ven	surfaces.		
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
7.A	re you h	mited	when	walk	ing qi	nekly uj	p th	e stairs or	• up a	hill?
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
8. A	8. Are you limited during activities that include running?									
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
9. A	9. Are you limited during activities that include jumping?									
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
10. Are you limited in performing hard physical labor?										
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Total Score:

Nilsson-Helander K, Thomee R, et al. The Achilles Tendon Total Rupture Score (ATRS): Development and Validation. AJSM. 2007. 35 (3): 421-426.

Psychological Readiness to Return to Sport

v	8	L			
Patient Nan	ne:	MRN:			
Surgery:		Date of Surgery:			
Surgeon:					
Please rate your confidence to return to your sport on a scale from $0 - 100$ Example: $0 = $ No confidence at all 50 = Moderate confidence 100 = Complete confidence					
1. N	Ay overall confidence to play is				
2. N	Ay confidence to play withou <u>t pain is</u>				
3. N	Ay confidence to give 100% effort is				
4. My confidence to not concentrate on the injury is					
5. My confidence in the injured body part to handle demands of the situation is					
6. N	Ay confidence in my skill level/ability is				
Total:					
Score:					

Examiner: